Nurturing Resilience: The Impact of Social and Physical Environments on Positive Development in Conditions of Adversity

#### Michael Ungar, Ph.D.

Canada Research Chair in Child, Family and Community Resilience, School of Social Work, Dalhousie University **Twitter @MichaelUngarPhD** www.michaelungar.com www.resilienceresearch.org





## Project EARTH, Botswana





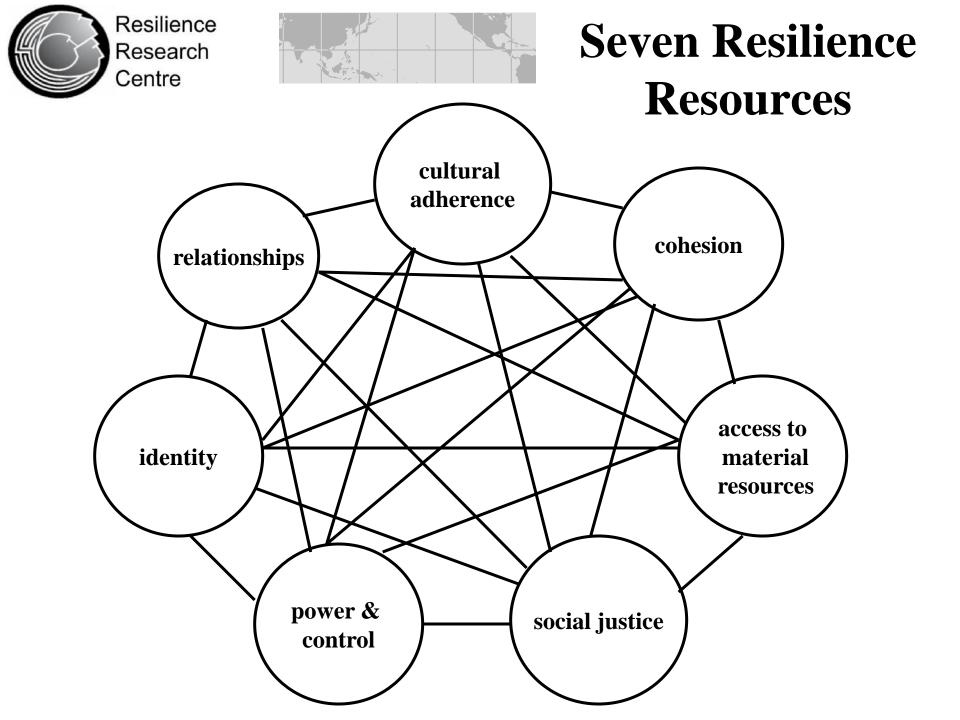
*"You can't stop the waves but"* you can learn to surf" --. John Kabat-Zinn

# It's easier to learn to surf if you have a surfboard, a coach, and a lifeguard

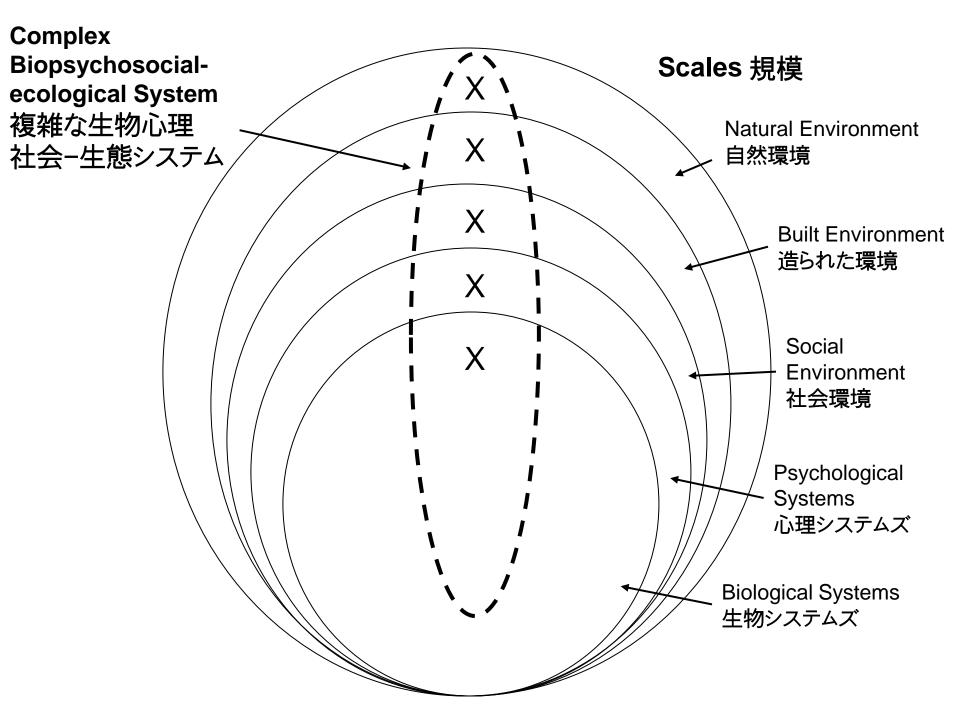


# A Practical Definition of Resilience

- In the context of exposure to significant adversity,
- resilience is the capacity of individuals and groups to *navigate* their way to the psychological, social, cultural, and physical resources that sustain their wellbeing, and...
- their capacity to *negotiate* for these resources to be provided...
- in culturally meaningful ways.











#### Gulval School, UK





### The Child and Youth Resilience Measure

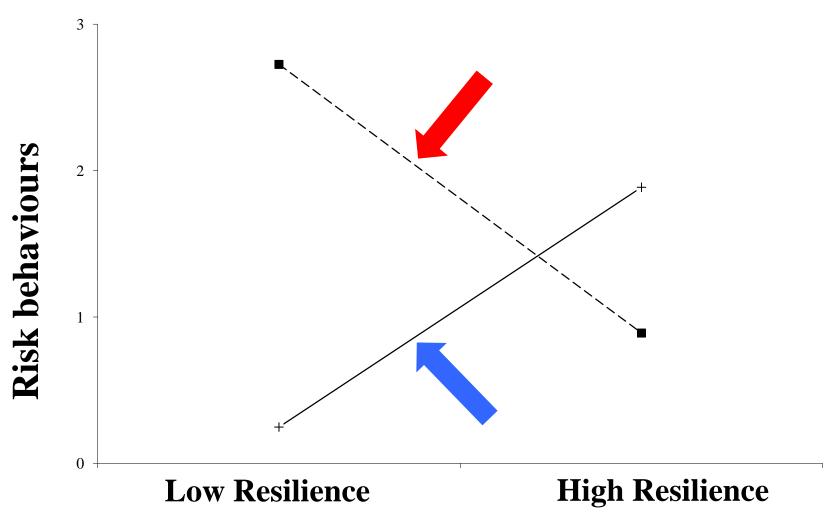
#### Available at no charge at: http://cyrm.resilienceresearch.org/





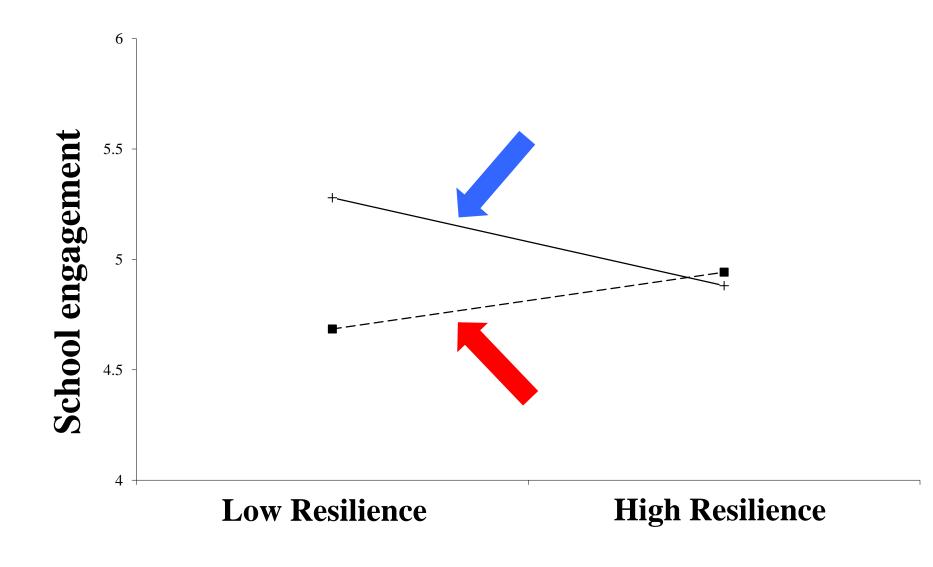
## Differential Impact

A resource may have a positive (or negative) impact at lower levels of risk exposure but a negative (or positive) impact at higher levels of risk.



-+-- (3) Low vulnerability, High quality community environment - - (4) Low vulnerability, Low quality community environment

4-wave study of 11-22 year old youth ( $M_{W1} = 14.5$ ,  $SD_{W1} = 1.5$ ) from Atlantic Canada ( $n_{W1} = 839$ ,  $n_{W2} = 499$ ,  $n_{W3} = 480$ ,  $n_{W4} = 444$ )













#### Thank you!

